Ever since Ian Watt’s *The Rise of the novel* (1957), many critics have argued that a constitutive element of the early ‘novel’ is its embrace of realism. Anne F. Widmayer contends, however, that Restoration and early eighteenth-century prose narratives employ techniques that distance the reading audience from an illusion of reality; irony, hypocrisy, and characters who are knowingly acting for an audience are privileged, highlighting the artificial and false in fictional works.

Focusing on the works of four celebrated playwright-novelists, Widmayer explores how the increased interiority of their prose characters is ridiculed by the use of techniques drawn from the theatre to throw into doubt the novel’s ability to portray an unmediated ‘reality’. Aphra Behn’s dramatic techniques question the reliability of female narrators, while Delarivier Manley undermines the impact of women’s passionate anger by suggesting the self-consciousness of their performances. In his later drama, William Congreve subverts the character of the apparently objective critic that is recurrent in his prose work, whilst Henry Fielding uses the figure of the satirical writer in his rehearsal plays to mock the novelist’s aspiration to control the way a reader reads the text. Through analysing how these writers satirize the reading public’s desire for clear distinctions between truth and illusion, Anne F. Widmayer also highlights the equally fluid boundaries between prose fiction and drama.
ii. Echoes of *Rover I*

2. Performed emotion in Delarivier Manley’s works: actors and voyeurs
   i. Discovering emotion in Manley’s plays
   ii. Scenes in Manley’s prose
   iii. Validating female emotion in *Memoirs of Europe* and *The Power of love*

3. Hybrid dramatic-narrative techniques: William Congreve’s *Incognita* and *The Old batchelor*
   i. Staging lovers in Dryden’s *Assignation* and Congreve’s *Incognita*
   ii. Scarron’s influence upon *Incognita*
   iii. Heartwell as satirical commentator in *The Old batchelor*

4. Abandoning control over ‘reality’: author-characters in Henry Fielding’s plays
   i. The satirist satirized in Fielding’s author-character plays
   ii. Author-characters as Fielding’s theatrical avatars

5. Self-conscious anti-realism: readers as actor-authors in Henry Fielding’s prose
   i. Fielding’s self-ironizing author-characters
   ii. Novel characters who comment metatheatrically

6. Conclusion

Bibliography

Index

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60

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‘Cet ouvrage s’attache à démontrer que les récits en prose, de la Restauration jusqu’au milieu du XVIIIe siècle, sont influencés en profondeur par des techniques empruntées au théâtre’ […] [Il est] très bien étayé sur des sources primaires et secondaires pertinentes’.
‘One of the most interesting aspects of Widmayer’s study is her focus on the use of stage space by the four authors [Behn, Nanley, Fielding, Congreve] (…) but to different effects.’